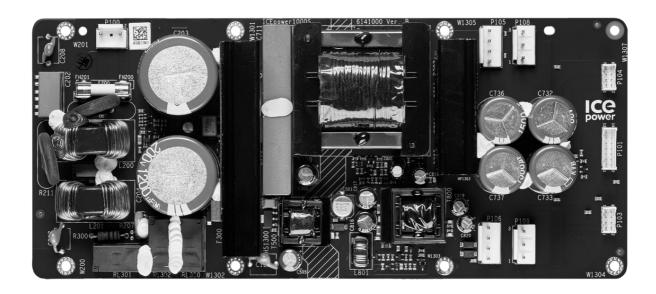
ICEpower a/s, Vandtårnsvej 62A 3B, DK-2860 Søborg Phone +45 31 71 00 01, CVR-no. 25053591 info@icepower.dk, <u>www.icepower.dk</u>



# ICEpower 1000S

Universal mains power supply, AUX converter and standby converter for professional audio.

# 1 Contents

1	Co	ntents	2
2	Ge	neral Description	4
2	2.1	Features	4
2	2.2	Key Specifications	4
3	Do	cument History	4
4	Ge	tting Started	5
5	Blo	ock Diagram	5
6	Co	nnectors	6
6	5.1	P100: AC Mains Connector	7
6	5.2	P101: Basic Control Connector	7
6	5.3	P103/P104: Auxiliary Supply Connector	7
6	5.4	P105/P106: Hanger Rail Supply Connector	8
6	5.5	P108/P109: Hanger Rail Supply Connector	8
7	Ab	solute Maximum Rating	9
8	Ele	ctrical Specifications	9
8	3.1	Power	9
8	3.2	Control and Status	11
8	3.3	Timing	11
8	3.4	Power Supply – Main Output	13
8	3.5	Power Supply – Auxiliary Outputs	13
8	3.6	Power Supply – Common	17
9	Me	chanical Specification	18
ç	9.1	Dimensions and mounting	18
ç	9.2	Environmental Specifications	21
10	7	Typical Performance Characteristics	21
1	0.1	Power versus mains voltage	21
1	0.2	Power Efficiency	22
1	.0.3	Dissipated Power	22
11	F	Functional Description	23
1	1.1	AC Mains Input	23
1	1.2	Control and Status	24
1	1.3	Hanger Rail Supply	27
12	I	Interface Schematics	28
1	2.1	Control Inputs	28
13	I	Integration Guidelines	29
1	3.1	Grounding Scheme	29
1	3.2	EMC Management	30
1	.3.3	Thermal Design	31
1	3 4	Safety Certification Notes	31



02000						
Jniversal mains pow	er supply for p	professional audio				

Version	1.0

14	Safety Standards	32
14.	1 Safety	32
15	ESD Warning	32
16	Ordering, Packaging and Storage	33
	1 Ordering Information	
	2 Shipping Dimensions and Weight	
	3 Storage Conditions	
17	Contact	34
18	Legal Notes	34



# 2 General Description

ICEpower 1000S is a universal mains power supply for professional audio/music.

The ICEpower 1000S provides numerous auxiliary supplies for amplifiers hanger modules and for external circuitry, a standby converter supply and an easy-to-use control interface for fast end-product integration.

ICEpower 1000S is safety pre-approved, enabling fast design-in and minimum time to market.

#### 2.1 Features

A powerful power supply designed to supply audio amplifier hanger modules	ICEpower 1000S can supply up to four ICEpower 400A2 modules enabling up to 8 channels of music
Power rails overload protection	Keeps track of module power rails operation and protects the module power rails from overload
Powerful 20W auxiliary power supply, and 5W standby converter	Supply for analog and control circuits in e.g. a signal front-end and audio amplifier hanger modules
Auxiliary power supplies with short circuit protection	Many different auxiliary supplies for easy integration and usage in end-products
Universal mains	No need for region specific variants and designed for optimal usage of available AC power
Safety pre-approved	For easy CE approved end-product designs
Designed for flexible mounting	Either through standoffs or through mechanical heatsink interface mounting
Standby mode	ErP (1275/2008/EC) compliant Energy Star® v3.0 compliant

### 2.2 Key Specifications

- Universal Mains
- 1000Watt Output power
- ±69V<sub>DC</sub> power rails
- $\bullet \qquad \text{20W auxiliary Converter, } \pm \text{5V}_{\text{DC}}\text{, Vdrive and } \pm \text{12V}_{\text{DC}}\text{ auxiliary supply outputs}$
- 5W standby converter, +5V<sub>DC</sub> supply output. Up to 60mA in standby mode and 1A in on mode

# 3 Document History

Version	Date	Revised by	Changes
1.0	2023-03-13	LBH/JKC/FLL/SWG	Release version



# 4 Getting Started

The ICEpower 1000S is a fully self-contained power supply module and requires no interaction nor control to operate. ICEpower 1000S will start operating a few seconds after mains is applied.

Its strongly recommended to use AVDD\_+12V and AVSS\_-12V for hanger modules (like ICEpower 400A2), instead of AVDD\_+5V and AVSS\_-5V. This is both due to the higher current, and power, capabilities of this rail, and because AVDD\_+12V and AVSS\_-12V are regulated. Since the auxiliary supplies are regulated from AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V and Vdrive it is recommended that these are loaded externally, especially if high current is needed from AVDD\_+5V and/or AVSS\_-5V (See  $I_{AVDD_+5V}$  and  $I_{AVSS_-5V}$  in section 8.5).

AVDD\_+12V and AVSS\_-12V can supply up to  $4 \times ICEpower 400A2$ . AVDD\_+5V and AVSS\_-5V can supply up to  $2 \times ICEpower 400A2$ , but should only be used if the total current capability of AVDD\_+12V/ AVSS\_-12V are needed for other external circuitry. The ICEpower 1000S can maximum supply  $4 \times ICEpower 400A2$  modules in total. If ICEpower 400A2 amplifier hanger modules are connected to ICEpower 1000S, VD, VS and Vdrive needs to be connected to the ICEpower 400A2 in addition to AVDD\_+12V and AVSS\_-12V.

For more details on how to connect the ICEpower 400A2 hanger modules to ICEpower 1000S, see: Application Guide for ICEpower400A2 & ICEpower1000S-69V

The maximum current draw of DVDD/DVDDstby output, when mains in applied to the module, while the module is in standby mode or when the module is going from standby mode to ON mode, is 50mA at 230Vac and 60mA at 120Vac. Higher current draw from DVDD/DVDDstby can cause the module not to startup or can cause the standby power consumption to exceed 0.5W.

# 5 Block Diagram

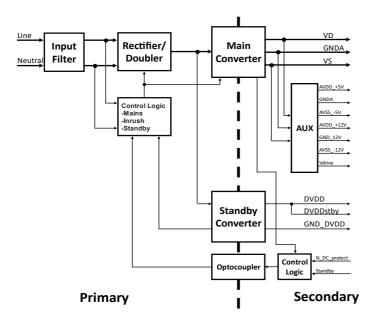


Figure 1: ICEpower 1000S block diagram



# **6 Connectors**

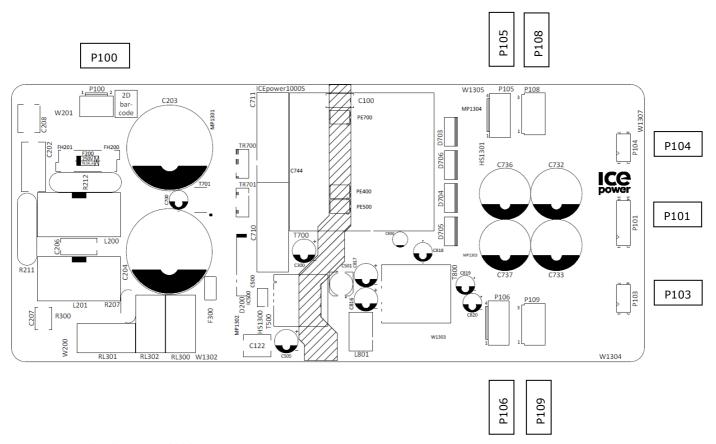


Figure 2: ICEpower 1000S connector overview



### 6.1 P100: AC Mains Connector

Туре	: JST, B2P3-VH (LF)(SI	N)	
Pin	Pin Function Description		Туре
1	Neutral	Neutral AC	Mains input
2	Live	Live AC	Mains input

Table 1: AC Mains Connector

### 6.2 P101: Basic Control Connector

Туре	Type: JST, B14B-PHDSS (LF)(SN)					
Pin	Function	Description	Туре	Reference		
1	DVDD	Control auxiliary supply (Hardwired with Pin 3 DVDDstby)	Power output	GND_DVDD		
2	GND_DVDD	Ground for DVDD, DVDDstby, N_DC_Protect and Standby	GND	N/A		
3	DVDDstby	Control auxiliary standby supply (Hardwired with Pin 1 DVDD)	Power output	GND_DVDD		
4	GND_12V	Auxiliary ground	GND_12V	N/A		
5	AVDD_+12V	Positive analog auxiliary supply	Power output	GND_12V		
6	Standby	Module standby	Control input, active high	GND_DVDD		
7	AVSS12V	Negative analog auxiliary supply	Power output	GND_12V		
8	Reserved	Not connected		N/A		
9	Reserved	Not connected		N/A		
10	Reserved	Not connected		N/A		
11	Reserved	Not connected		N/A		
12	Reserved	Not connected		N/A		
13	Reserved	Not connected		N/A		
14	GNDA	Ground	GND	N/A		

Table 2: Basic Control Connector

# 6.3 P103/P104: Auxiliary Supply Connector

Туре	Type: JST, B8B-PHDSS (LF)(SN)					
Pin	Function	Description	Туре	Reference		
1	GNDA	GNDA	GND	N/A		
2	AVDD_+5V	Positive supply for control circuit	Power output	GNDA		
3	AVDD_+12V	Positive supply for analog circuit	Power output	GND_12V		
4	AVSS5V	Negative supply for control circuit	Power output	GNDA		
5	AVSS12V	Negative supply for analog circuit	Power output	GND_12V		
6	N_DC_Protect	DC error for the supply to shut down	Status input, active low	GND_DVDD		
7	Vdrive	Vdrive voltage for the power stage	Power output	Vs		
8	GND_12V	Auxiliary ground	GND	N/A		

Table 3: Control Connector



# 6.4 P105/P106: Hanger Rail Supply Connector

Туре	Type: JST, B4P-VH(LF)(SN)					
Pin Function Description Type Reference						
1	VD	Positive DC rail voltage	Power output	GNDA		
2	GNDA	Ground	GND	N/A		
3	VS	Negative DC rail voltage	Power output	GNDA		
4	Vdrive	Auxiliary Vdrive supply	Power output	VS		

Table 4: Hanger Rail Supply Connector with Vdrive

# 6.5 P108/P109: Hanger Rail Supply Connector

Туре	Type: JST, B3P-NV(LF)(SN)					
Pin Function		Description	Туре	Reference		
1	VD	Positive DC rail voltage	Power output	GNDA		
2	GNDA	Ground	GND	N/A		
3	VS	Negative DC rail voltage	Power output	GNDA		

Table 5: Hanger Rail Supply Connector



# 7 Absolute Maximum Rating

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
V <sub>ac</sub>	V <sub>ac</sub> Mains input voltage (for safety test) – <b>Note 1</b>		264	$V_{RMS}$
	Datasheet specification range	100	120	
V <sub>ac</sub>				$V_{RMS}$
	Mains input voltage	200	240	
f <sub>mains</sub>	Nominal mains frequency	50	60	Hz

Table 6: Absolut maximum ratings

Note 1: The usage mains voltage is between 100Vac and 120Vac or between 200 Vac and 240 Vac.

# 8 Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise specified:

- Passive cooled, no fan
- Module placed vertically without external heatsink.
- Resistive or active load is used to emulate power supply loading
- Ta = 25 °C, 230 Vac / 50 Hz mains
- P<sub>Aux</sub> = 20W means all aux outputs (DVDD load not included) are loaded with the maximum current as specified in section 8.5. Current draw of AVDD\_+12V and AVSS\_-12V is adjusted, so the total sum is not exceeding 20W.

#### 8.1 Power

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Po	Rated combined	f <sub>in</sub> = 1 kHz, 20W aux,5W DVDD				
	VD/VS output power	load				
		230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz		1000		W
		120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz		1000		
		100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz		700		
P <sub>o -20Hz</sub>	Maximum power at	f <sub>in</sub> = 20 Hz, - <b>Note B</b>				
	20 Hz, Combined	20W aux, 5W DVDD load				
	VD/VS output power					
	- load 2 x ICEpower	230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz		750		W
	400A2 in BTL, 20 Hz	120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz		750		
	sine wave output	100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz		700		
	Note A, do not					
	exceed these					
	ratings					
t <sub>Pmax</sub> -	Duration of rated	f <sub>in</sub> = 1 kHz, no fan, 20W aux,5W				
heatsink	combined VD/VS	DVDD load, not preheated.				
	output power	Module mounted on a R <sub>th</sub> 0.75				
	Note A, do not	K/W heatsink				
	exceed these	230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz, P <sub>o</sub> =1000W		90		S
	ratings	120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz, P <sub>o</sub> =1000W		10		
		100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz, P <sub>o</sub> =700W		30		



t <sub>n</sub>	Duration of rated	f <sub>in</sub> = 1 kHz, no fan, 20W aux, 5W		
t <sub>Pmax</sub>	combined VD/VS	DVDD load, not preheated.		
	output power	No external heatsink mounted on		
	' '	module		
	Note A, do not	230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz, P <sub>o</sub> =1000W	90	S
	exceed these	120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz, P <sub>o</sub> =1000W	10	
	ratings	100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz, P <sub>o</sub> =700W	30	
P <sub>o-con</sub>	Continuous	Module placed vertically and	30	
r o-con	combined VD/VS	without heatsink, 20W aux,		
	output power	5W DVDD load, no fan		
	without thermal	Ta = 25 °C		
	shutdown or module		360	w
		230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz		VV
	damage	120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz	200	
	Note A, do not	100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz	160	
	exceed these			
	ratings			
Po-con-fan	Continuous	Module placed vertically and		
	combined VD/VS	without heatsink, 20W aux,5W		
	output power	DVDD load, slow air flow from		
	without thermal	6 CFM fan, 10 cm distance from		
	shutdown or module	ICEpower 1000S primary input		
	damage	filter.		
	Note A, do not	Ta = 25 °C		
	exceed these	230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz	500	W
	ratings	120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz	300	
	rutings	100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz	250	
P <sub>o-con-</sub>	Continuous	Module placed vertically and		
heatsink_25	combined VD/VS	mounted on a R <sub>th</sub> 0.75 K/W		
	output power	heatsink, 20W aux,5W DVDD		
	without thermal	load, no fan		
	shutdown or module	(limited by mains input filter)		
	damage	Ta = 25 °C		
	Note A, do not	230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz	360	W
	exceed these	120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz	200	
	ratings	100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz	160	
Po-con-	Continuous	Module placed vertically and		
		mounted on a R <sub>th</sub> 0.75 K/W		
heatsink_60	combined VD/VS			
	output power without thermal	heatsink, 20W aux,5W DVDD		
		load, no Fan		
	shutdown or module	T- 60.06		
	damage	Ta = 60 °C	405	
	Note A, do not	230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz	125	W
	exceed these	120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz	125	
	ratings	100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz	87	

Table 7: Power performance

**Note A**: Exceeding these durations or power levels can cause damage or degradation to components, or the main fuse F200 to blow. Failure to comply with these requirements is against the ICEpower warranty policy.

Note B: Two ICEpower 400A2 amplifier modules in BTL as load connected to one ICEpower 1000S.



#### 8.2 Control and Status

This table is for the control signal "Standby"

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>Standby</sub>	Control input voltage range		0		DVDD	V
V <sub>Standby</sub> , low	Control input low signal				0.5	٧
V <sub>Standby</sub> , high	Control input high signal		2.5			V
Z <sub>Standby</sub>	Control input impedance	Internal pull down		50		kOhm

This table is for the control signal "n\_DC Protect"

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
$V_{n\_DC\_Protect}$	Control input voltage range		0		DVDD	V
Vn_DC_Protect, low	Control input low signal				0.3	٧
V <sub>n_DC_Protect</sub> , high	Control input high signal		2.5			V
In_DC_Protect	Required current to pull N_DC_Protect input down to	Internal pull up		1		mA
	GND_DVDD					

Table 8: Control and Status specifications

### 8.3 Timing

For more detailed description of the below listed timing values, please consult section 11 of this datasheet. Unless otherwise specified timing values have been measured with ICEpower 1000S connected to 2 x ICEpower 400A2 in idle and an additional current draw on AVDD\_+12V and AVSS\_-12V of 200mA each and control auxiliary DVDD=50mA. No current draw from AVDD\_+5V and AVSS\_-5V. Auxiliary supplies being AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V, AVDD\_+5V, AVSS\_-5V and Vdrive.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
tMains ON, Rails stable	Mains input on – time until main rails become stable	Mains input applied		500		ms
t <sub>Mains</sub> OFF, Rails drop	Mains input off – time until main rails drop	(high) Knee point Rails dropped by $3V_{DC}$		470 960		ms
tMains ON, Aux stable	Mains input on – time until auxiliary supplies become stable	Mains input applied		480		ms
tMains OFF, Aux drop	Mains input off – time until auxiliary supplies drop	Mains input removed		1.63		S
tMains ON, DVDD stable	Mains input on – time until DVDD/DVDDstby become stable	Mains input applied		35		ms
tMains OFF, DVDD drop	Mains input off – time until DVDD/DVDDstby drop	Mains input removed		2.3		S
tStby EN, Rails drop	Enabled standby mode – time until main rails drop	Standby input Enabled (high) Knee point Rails dropped by 3V <sub>DC</sub>		40 120		ms
tStby DIS, Rails stable	Disabled standby mode – time until main rails become stable	Standby input disabled (low)		290		ms
tStby EN, Aux drop	Enabled standby mode – time until auxiliary supplies drop	Standby input Enabled (high)		1.1		S



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t <sub>Stby DIS</sub> , Aux stable	Disabled standby mode –	Standby input disabled		280		ms
	time until auxiliary	(low)				
	supplies become stable					
t <sub>DC</sub> Error EN, Rails drop	Enabled DC error mode -	DC Error Enable (low)				
	time until main rails drop	Knee point		40		ms
		Rails dropped by 3V <sub>DC</sub>		120		
$t_{ extsf{DC}}$ Error DIS, Rails stable	Disabled DC error mode –	DC Error not Enabled		290		ms
	time until main rails	(high)				
	become stable					
t <sub>DC</sub> Error EN, Aux drop	Enabled DC error mode -	DC Error Enable (low)		1.1		S
	time until auxiliary					
	supplies drop					
t <sub>DC</sub> Error DIS, Aux stable	Disabled DC error mode –	DC Error not Enabled		280		ms
	time until auxiliary	(high)				
	supplies become stable					
tocp EN, Rails Aux drop	Overcurrent of rails	230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz,				
	occurred- time from	~10A from each rail,				
	Overcurrent occurs until	Rail drop/Knee point:		~0.8		S
	main rails and auxiliary	120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz, ∼10A				
	supplies start drop	from each rail,				
	Outside datasheet usage operating	Rail drop/Knee point:		~0.8		
	conditions. This timing value depends on	100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz,				
	temperature, module cooling and on	~10A from each rail,				
	power level.	Rail drop/Knee point:		~0.8		
tocp DIS, Rails Aux stable	Overcurrent of rails					
	removed- time from main			1.2		S
	rails and auxiliary starts					
	to drop (due to					
	Overcurrent event) until					
	main rails and auxiliary					
	supplies are stable again					
	(high)					
tovP, Rails drop	Time from overvoltage	Rail drop below nominal				
	occurs on $V_{\text{\tiny D}}$ until main	rail voltage				
	rails drops					
	OVP bypassed on both ICEpower 400A2	f <sub>in</sub> 400A2= 40 Hz		8		ms
	hanger modules.	f <sub>in</sub> 400A2= 20 Hz		23		
	Drop of auxiliary supplies depend on rail					
	loading and OVP condition.					
tovP, Rails stable	Time from overvoltage	Until main rails are				
	condition stopped until $V_{\text{D}}$	high/ stable again				
	and V <sub>S</sub> are stable					
	OVP bypassed on both ICEpower 400A2	f <sub>in</sub> 400A2= 40 Hz		425		ms
	hanger modules.	f <sub>in</sub> 400A2= 20 Hz		425		

Table 9: Timing specifications



# 8.4 Power Supply - Main Output

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$V_{VD}$	Positive hanger	2 x ICEpower 400A2	68	69	71	V
	supply, output	modules connected in				
	voltage	idle				
		Combined VD/VS	68	69	71	
		output power= 1000W				
$I_{VD}$	Positive hanger	Combined VD/VS				
	supply, output	output power= 1000W				
	current	230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz,		7.3		Α
	(higher output	120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz,		7.3		
	current can trigger	Combined VD/VS				
	current protection)	output power= 700W				
		100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz,		5.4		
C <sub>VD</sub>	VD external				10000	uF
	decoupling capacitor					
Ripple <sub>VD</sub>	Voltage ripple on VD	Po=1000W on VD/VS		1000		mVpp
	(Note 2)	P₀=125W on VD/VS		225		
V <sub>VS</sub>	Negative hanger	2 x ICEpower 400A2	-71	-69	-68	V
	supply, output	modules connected in				
	voltage	idle				
		Combined VD/VS	-71	-69	-68	
		output power= 1000W				
I <sub>VS</sub>	Negative hanger	Combined VD/VS				
	supply, output	output power= 1000W				
	current	230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz,		7.3		Α
	(higher output	120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz,		7.3		
	current can trigger	Combined VD/VS				
	current protection)	output power= 700W				
		100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz,		5.4		
C <sub>VS</sub>	VS external				10000	uF
	decoupling capacitor					
Ripple <sub>VS</sub>	Voltage ripple on VS	Po=1000W on VD/VS		1000		mVpp
-	(Note 2)	P₀=125W on VD/VS		225		
OVP	Overvoltage rail			80		V
	protection level					

Table 10: Power specifications

**Note 2**: Measured with 20MHz BW limited oscilloscope with a short GND loop directly on output connector. No external capacitance.

# 8.5 Power Supply - Auxiliary Outputs

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>AVDD_+5V</sub>	Positive control			5		V
	aux supply,					
	output voltage					
I <sub>AVDD_+5V</sub>	Control aux	(Not overcurrent				
	supply, output	protected)				
	current	ICEpower 400A2				
	(Note 3)	modules connect to				
	(Note 5)	I <sub>AVDD_+5V</sub> :				
	60mA≤I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub> ,	0 x 400A2 connected	40		200	mA
	60mA≤I <sub>AVSS12V</sub> ,	1 x 400A2 connected	30		110	
	60mA≤I <sub>Vdrive</sub>	2 x 400A2 connected	20		20	



Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I <sub>AVDD_+5V</sub>	Control aux	(Not overcurrent				
	supply, output	protected)				
	current	60mA≤I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub> ,				
	(Note 3)	60mA≤I <sub>AVSS12V</sub> ,				
	(Note 5)	60mA≤I <sub>Vdrive</sub>	40		200	mA
	(Note 6)					
		30mA≤I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub> <60mA,				
		30mA≤I <sub>AVSS12V</sub> <60mA,				
		30mA≤I <sub>Vdrive</sub> <60mA	2		125	
		$7mA \le I_{AVDD_+12V} < 30mA$ ,				
		$7\text{mA} \leq I_{\text{AVSS}\12V} < 30\text{mA},$				
		7mA≤I <sub>Vdrive</sub> <30mA	1		65	
		I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub> <7mA,				
		I <sub>AVSS12V</sub> <7mA,				
		I <sub>Vdrive</sub> <7mA	0		40	_
Cavdd_+5v	AVDD external				1000	uF
	decoupling 					
	capacitor					
Ripple <sub>AVDD_+5V</sub>	Voltage ripple on	$P_{Aux} = 20W$		475		
	AVDD (Note 2)	$I_{AVDD} = 200 \text{mA}$		175		mVpp
V <sub>AVSS5V</sub>	Negative control			-5		V
	aux supply,					
T	output voltage	(Nat account				
I <sub>AVSS</sub> 5V	Control aux	(Not overcurrent				
	supply, output current	protected) ICEpower 400A2				
	(Note 3)	modules connect to				
	(Note 5)	I <sub>AVSS5V</sub> :				
	60mA≤I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub> ,	0 x 400A2 connected	40		200	mA
	60mA≤I <sub>AVSS12V</sub> ,	1 x 400A2 connected	30		125	IIIA
	60mA≤I <sub>Vdrive</sub>	2 x 400A2 connected	20		50	
I <sub>AVSS5V</sub>	Control aux	(Not overcurrent	20		30	
-AV333V	supply, output	protected)				
	current	60mA≤I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub> ,				
	(Note 3)	60mA≤I <sub>AVSS12V</sub> ,				
	(Note 5)	60mA≤I <sub>Vdrive</sub>	40		200	mA
	(Note 6)	- varive				
	(	30mA≤I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub> <60mA,				
		30mA≤I <sub>AVSS -12V</sub> <60mA,				
		30mA≤I <sub>Vdrive</sub> <60mA	2		125	
		7mA≤I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub> <30mA,				
		7mA≤I <sub>AVSS12V</sub> <30mA,				
		7mA≤I <sub>Vdrive</sub> <30mA	1		65	
		$I_{AVDD\_+12V}$ <7mA,				
		$I_{AVSS\12V}$ <7mA,				
		I <sub>Vdrive</sub> <7mA	0		40	
Cavss5v	AVSS external				1000	uF
	decoupling					
	capacitor					
Ripple <sub>AVSS5V</sub>	Voltage ripple on	$P_{Aux} = 20W$				
	AVSS (Note 2)	$I_{AVSS} = 200mA$		175		mVpp



Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub>	Positive analog	$I_{AVDD_{-}+12V} \le 500 \text{mA}$		12		V
_	auxiliary supply,					
	output voltage					
I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub>	Positive analog	(Not overcurrent				
	auxiliary supply,	protected)				
	output current	ICEpower 400A2				
	(Note 3)	modules connect to				
	(Note 5)	I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub> :				
		0 x 400A2 connected			500	mA
		1 x 400A2 connected			410	
		2 x 400A2 connected			320	
		3 x 400A2 connected			230	
		4 x 400A2 connected			140	_
$C_{AVDD\_+12V}$	AVDD external				1000	uF
	decoupling					
	capacitor					
Ripple <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub>	Voltage ripple on	$P_{Aux} = 20W$		100		.,
\/	AVDD (Note 2)	I <sub>AVDD_+12V</sub> = 500mA		100	-	mVpp
V <sub>AVSS12V</sub>	Negative analog	I <sub>AVSS12V</sub> ≤500mA		-12		V
	auxiliary supply,					
т	output voltage	(Nat avanaumant				
$I_{AVSS\_ ext{-}12V}$	Negative analog auxiliary supply,	(Not overcurrent protected)				
	output current	ICEpower 400A2				
	(Note 3)	modules connect to				
	(Note 5)	I <sub>AVSS</sub> -12V:				
	(Note 5)	0 x 400A2 connected			500	mA
		1 x 400A2 connected			425	
		2 x 400A2 connected			350	
		3 x 400A2 connected			275	
		4 x 400A2 connected			200	
Cavss12v	AVSS external				1000	uF
	decoupling					
	capacitor					
Ripple <sub>AVSS12V</sub>	Voltage ripple on	$P_{Aux} = 20W$				
	AVSS (Note 2)	$I_{AVSS\12V} = 0.5A$		100		mVpp
V <sub>DVDD</sub> , 5V1	Control auxiliary		4.9	5.1	5.3	V
	supply					
I <sub>DVDD</sub> , 5V1	Maximum DVDD	in on mode			1	A
	supply output					
	current					
$I_{\text{DVDD}}$ , 5V1 Protection	DVDD supply	in on mode	1.05		3	Α
	output current					
	protection limit					
$I_{\mbox{\scriptsize DVDD}}$ , 5V1 in standby	Max DVDDstby	in standby mode or at				
mode	output current	startup/ mains applied				
	draw in standby,	240V, 50 Hz			50	mA
	at startup or from	230V, 50 Hz			50	
	standby to on	120V, 60 Hz			60	
	mode	100V, 50 Hz		-	60	_
C <sub>DVDD</sub> , 5V1	DVDD external				1000	uF
	decoupling					
Dim.ele	capacitor	T 4.6		150		
Ripple <sub>DVDD</sub> , 5V1	DVDD voltage	$I_{DVDD, 5V1} = 1A$		150		mVpp
	ripple (Note 2)	$I_{DVDD, 5V1} = 50mA$		160		1



Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Ripple <sub>DVDDstby</sub> , 5V1	DVDDstby voltage	$I_{DVDD, 5V1} = 50mA$		160		mVpp
	ripple (Note 2)					
$V_{Vdrive}$	Hanger drive	(Referenced to negative		V <sub>VS</sub> +		V
	supply, output	rail supply VS)		16		
	voltage					
$C_{Vdrive}$	Hanger drive				220	uF
	external					
	decoupling					
	capacitor					
$I_{\text{Vdrive}}$	Hanger drive	(Not overcurrent				
	supply, output	protected)				
	current	ICEpower 400A2				
	(Note 3)	modules connected to				
		Vdrive :				
		0 x 400A2 connected			400	mA
		1 x 400A2 connected			300	
		2 x 400A2 connected			200	
		3 x 400A2 connected			100	
		4 x 400A2 connected			0	
Ripple <sub>Vdrive</sub>	Voltage ripple on	$P_{Aux} = 20W$				
	Vdrive (Note 2)	$I_{Vdrive} = 400 \text{ mA}$		325		mVpp

Table 11: Power specifications - Auxiliary

**Note 3**: The sum of the power consumption on the AVDD\_+12V, AVDD+5V, AVSS\_-12V, AVSS\_-5V and Vdrive supply outputs must not exceed **20W including all current draws from hanger modules,** like for example ICEpower 400A2. Additionally the DVDD can be loaded with 5W.

**Note 2**: Measured with 20MHz BW limited oscilloscope with a short GND loop directly on output connector. No external capacitance.

**Note 5**: Its strongly recommended to use AVDD\_+12V and AVSS\_-12V for hanger modules (like ICEpower 400A2), instead of AVDD\_+5V and AVSS\_-5V. This is both due to the higher current, and power, capabilities of this rail, and because AVDD\_+12V and AVSS\_-12V are regulated. Since the auxiliary supplies are regulated from AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V and Vdrive it is recommended that these are loaded externally, especially if high current is needed from AVDD\_+5V and/or AVSS\_-5V (See I<sub>AVDD\_+5V</sub> and I<sub>AVSS\_-5V</sub> in section 8.5).

**Note 6** For example if both IAVDD\_+12V, IAVSS\_-12V and IVdrive have a current draw of minimum 60mA each then it's possible to draw maximum 200mA from both IAVDD\_+5V and AVSS\_-5V and the minimum current draw of IAVDD\_+5V and AVSS\_-5V (if used) should be 40mA each. If for example IAVDD\_+12V have a current draw of 40mA, IAVSS\_-12V have a current draw of 40mA and IVdrive have a current draw of 100mA then it's possible to draw maximum 125mA from both IAVDD\_+5V and AVSS\_-5V (because both IAVDD\_+12V and IAVSS\_-12V have a current draw of 40mA, which is the "between 30mA and 60mA" condition) and the minimum current draw of IAVDD\_+5V and AVSS\_-5V (if used) should be 40mA each (because worst case current draw is 100mA, so it follows the current draw of minimum 60mA condition, requiring minimum 40mA load each).



# 8.6 Power Supply - Common

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
P <sub>idle</sub>	Module idle	No load on all outputs		8		W
	consumption,	Preheated				
P <sub>main_stby</sub>	Module consumption	$P_o = 0W$ ,				
	in standby, Main	$P_{Aux} = 0W$				
	converter Disabled	DVDDstby= 0W but available				
		240V, 50 Hz		215		mW
		230V, 50 Hz		210		
		120V, 60 Hz		160		
		100V, 50 Hz		150		
P <sub>main,1/8 Power</sub>	Module consumption	$P_{o} = 125W,$				
	at $P_o = 1/8$ Power	$P_{Aux} = 20W$ ,				
		5W DVDD load				
		240V, 50 Hz		175		w
		230V, 50 Hz		175		
		120V, 60 Hz		190		
		100V, 50 Hz		200		
P <sub>main,full load</sub>	Module consumption	Po = 1000W,				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	at full load	$P_{Aux} = 20W$				
		5W DVDD load				
		230V, 50 Hz		1130		l w
		120V, 60 Hz		1190		
ητοtal	Module power	P <sub>o</sub> = 125W,		88		%
	efficiency	P <sub>Aux</sub> = 20W,				,,
	Gindianay	5W DVDD load				
η <sub>Total_max</sub>	Module power	P <sub>o</sub> = 1000W,		91		%
- Trocal_max	efficiency	P <sub>Aux</sub> = 20W,				
	,	5W DVDD load				
η <sub>AUX</sub>	Aux converter power	$P_{Aux} = 20W$		80		%
· JAOA	efficiency	1 707				,,
PF	Power factor	P <sub>o</sub> = 125W,				
		$P_{Aux} = 20W$				
		5W DVDD load				
		230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz		0,62		
		120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz		0,72		
		Po = 1000W,		,		
		P <sub>Aux</sub> = 20W,				
		5W DVDD load				
		230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz		0,62		
		120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz		0,72		
I <sub>Inrush</sub>	Inrush current	V <sub>AC</sub> = 264 V, start phase 90°		14		A <sub>peak</sub>
Ivac	Mains current	P <sub>Aux</sub> = 20W, 5W DVDD load				·
	(Note 4)	230 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz,				
		P <sub>o</sub> = 1000W		8		A <sub>RMS</sub>
		120 V <sub>ac</sub> / 60 Hz,				
		P <sub>o</sub> = 1000W		14,5		
		100 V <sub>ac</sub> / 50 Hz,				
		P <sub>o</sub> = 700W		12,6		

Table 12: Power specifications – Common

**Note 4**: F200 fuse rating of module is 250VAC T6.3A\_H. Fuse is not user replaceable (For safety fault only).



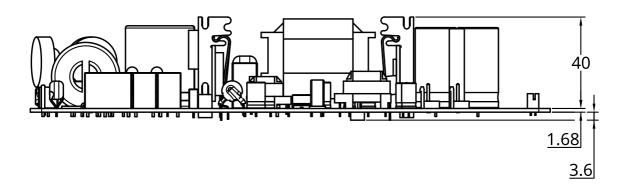
# 9 Mechanical Specification

# 9.1 Dimensions and mounting

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
L	Module length			228		mm
W	Module width			100		mm
Н	Module height				46	mm
Mass	Weight			670		g

Table 13: Mechanical dimensions

The ICEpower 1000S is designed for mounting on the bottom side via spacers and/or on the top side via heat sinks and spacers.



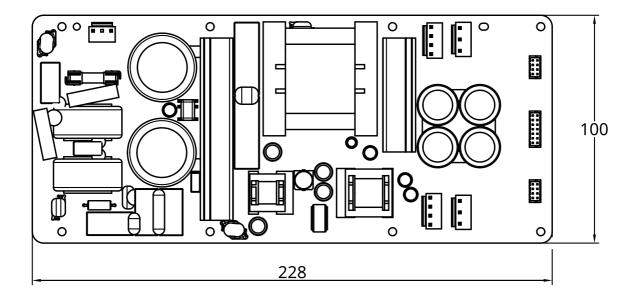


Figure 3: ICEpower 1000S Nominal mechanical dimensions



If ICEpower 1000S is to be mounted on the bottom side, minimum 8 mm spacers/standoffs are recommended for mounting in order to ensure a proper safety clearance between module and chassis (minimum 5 mm spacers/standoffs can be used if safety isolation foil (for example 0.43 mm Lexan FR 700 Film) is applied between bottom of PCB and mounting plate/chassis). For improved airflow 12mm spacers/standoffs are recommended. All 8 holes marked cyan in Figure 4 should be mounted with spacers.

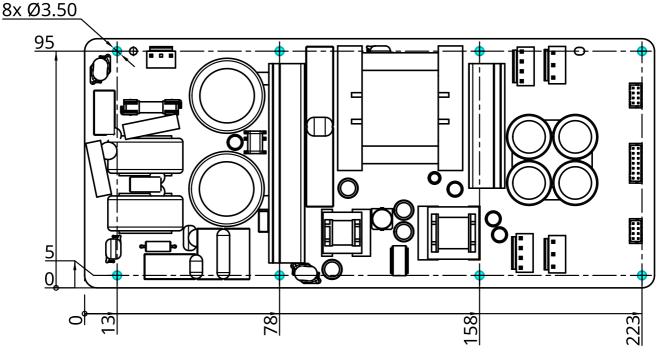
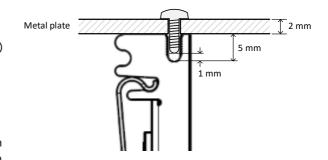


Figure 4: ICEpower 1000S mounting holes (marked for bottom side mounting).

If ICEpower 1000S is to be mounted on the top side via heat sinks and spacers, the module should not be mounted solely by the heat sinks, as this will reduce mounting robustness to the module and impact EMC. Use 40 mm spacers for support in the holes marked cyan and screw directly to the heatsinks marked cyan in Figure 5. Electrically conductive spacers must be used to ensure grounding and EMC filtering.

The mounting slots in the top of the onboard heat sinks are designed for use with M3 DIN 7500 C thread forming screws. Thread forming screws (e.g. Bossard BN5653 M3) must be used in order to avoid burrs, which could cause unintentional short circuits.

The heat sink slot is approximately 5 mm deep. It is recommended to leave 1 mm slack for mechanical tolerances. I.e. to mount the module on a 2 mm plate, a (5-1+2) mm = 6 mm screw is recommended. A minimum of two screws in the 50 mm heat sink and three screws in the 80 mm heat sink are recommended.



Additional spacers are recommended in the holes marked magenta in Figure 5.



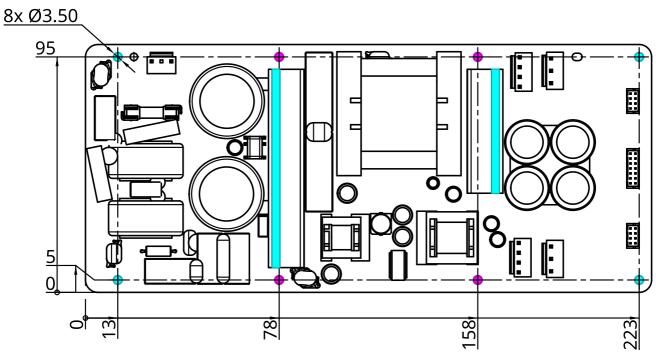


Figure 5: ICEpower 1000S mounting holes (marked for top side/heatsink mounting).



### 9.2 Environmental Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Toperating	Ambient temperature, operating, (Note 7)	End-customer use cases	0		60	°C
T <sub>storage</sub>	Ambient temperature, storage	End-customer use cases	-40		70	°C
T <sub>shelf</sub>	Ambient temperature, shelf	Storage before goods sold to end-customer	0		50	°C
RH	Relative humidity	Non-condensing Operating and storage			85	%
	Altitude, operating				3000	m

Table 14: Environment specifications

**Note 7**: Safety tested at 1/8 power (According to  $8.1 \, P_{o\text{-con-heatsink}\_60}$ ) Module placed vertically and mounted on a heatsink with  $R_{th}$  0.75 K/W (e.g. Fisher Elektronik SK 198 100 – 300mm X 15mm X 100mm)

# 10 Typical Performance Characteristics

### 10.1 Power versus mains voltage

The rails are loaded with two ICEpower 400A2 modules in BTL and PAux loaded with 20W and 5W DVDD load.

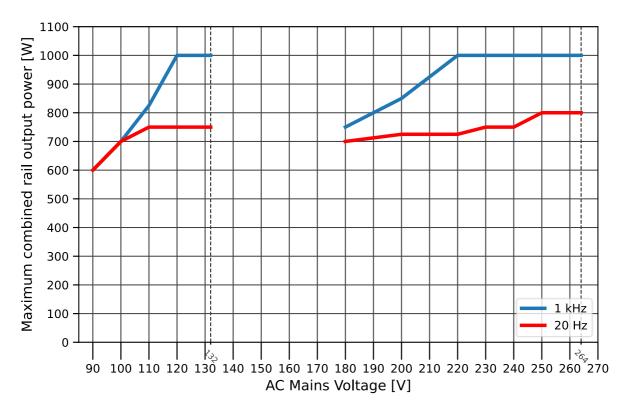


Figure 6: Maximum combined output power from VD/VS, vs mains voltage - freq. 20 Hz (red), 1 kHz (blue)



### 10.2 Power Efficiency

PAux loaded with 20W and 5W DVDD load.

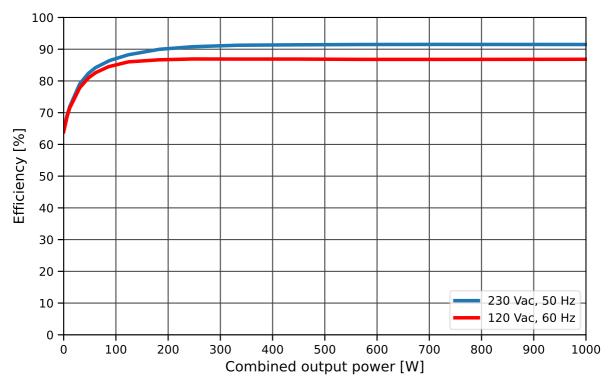


Figure 7: Efficiency vs. combined output power from VD/VS

# 10.3 Dissipated Power

PAux loaded with 20W and 5W DVDD load.

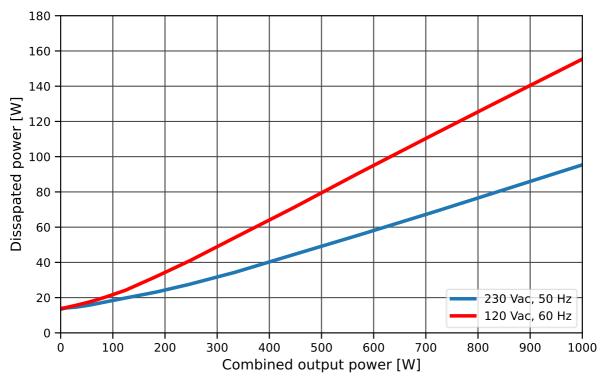


Figure 8 Dissipated power vs. combined output power from VD/VS



# 11 Functional Description

The ICEpower 1000S is a fully self-contained power supply module and requires no interaction nor control to operate. ICEpower 1000S will start operating less than a second, after mains is applied. To get ICEpower 1000S in standby mode an external high standby signal is required.

Following ICEpower's "Music at All Times" philosophy, the module will operate under all conditions except for potentially destructive or overload situations. At power-up, the ICEpower 1000S module performs comprehensive checks to verify operation conditions and to check for errors. If an error is detected, the module will try to reboot after a short delay. As part of the effort to keep music playing, the module monitors numerous internal parameters during operation and reacts proactively if required.

### 11.1 AC Mains Input

ICEpower 1000S has universal mains input operating on all common mains supplies. No switching between low and high mains is required.

When power is applied to the ICEpower 1000S the module will, after a short initialization, read the control inputs and start operating accordingly.

The power up and power down timing is shown in Figure 9. Specific timing values are available in Section 8.3.

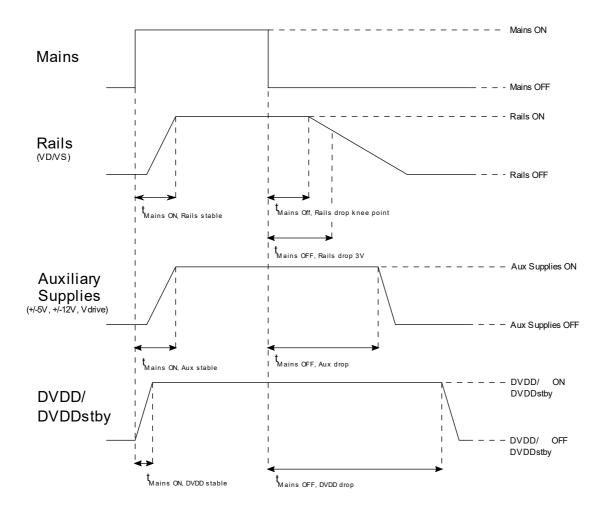


Figure 9: Mains timing diagram



#### 11.2 Control and Status

The Basic Control Connector (P101) and Auxiliary Supply Connectors (P103/104) contain the following inputs and supplies:

- Standby Active High input
- N\_DC\_Protect Active Low input
- Auxiliary supplies being AVDD +12V, AVSS -12V, AVDD +5V, AVSS -5V and Vdrive
- DVDDstby/DVDD Control auxiliary standby/On mode supply

The Hanger Rail Supply Connectors (P105/106, P108/109) includes power supply outputs for amplifier hanger modules:

VD, VS and Vdrive

The recommended connection to the control input is shown in 12.1

#### 11.2.1 Standby Input

The Standby input brings the ICEpower 1000S in standby mode when pulled high. An internal pull down ensures on mode operation if the standby input is left unconnected. Interface schematics can be found in Section 12.1

Entering standby mode causes rails and all auxiliary outputs to turn off; except the DVDD/DVDDstby.

Entering standby mode happens shortly after the standby pin is activated (logic high). Standby timing is shown in Figure 10. Specific timing values are available in section 8.3

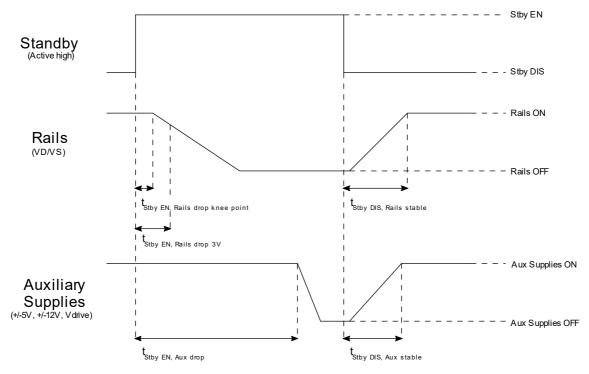


Figure 10: Standby input timing



#### 11.2.2 N\_DC\_Protect input

In case of amplifier DC error, the N\_DC\_Protect input can be used to put the ICEpower 1000S in standby mode thereby leaving only the standby power supply DVDD/DVDDstby operating. Interface schematics can be found in Section 12.1.

The N\_DC\_Protect input brings the ICEpower 1000S in standby mode when pulled low. An internal pull up ensures on mode operation if the N\_DC\_Protect input is left unconnected. N\_DC\_Protect timing is shown in Figure 11. Specific timing values are available in Section 8.3.

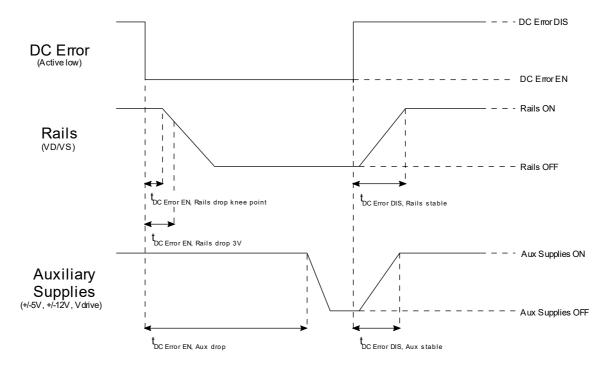


Figure 11: N\_DC\_Protect input timing



#### 11.2.3 Rail overcurrent event

In case of a rail overcurrent event occurring, the ICEpower 1000S shuts down both rails (VD/VS) and all auxiliary supplies (AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V, AVDD\_+5V, AVSS\_-5V and Vdrive), leaving only DVDD/DVDDstby on. When the rail overcurrent is no more present, both rails (VD/VS) and all auxiliary supplies (AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V, AVDD\_+5V, AVSS\_-5V and Vdrive) will automatically re-enable. Rail overcurrent timing is shown in Figure 12. Specific timing values are available in Section 8.3.

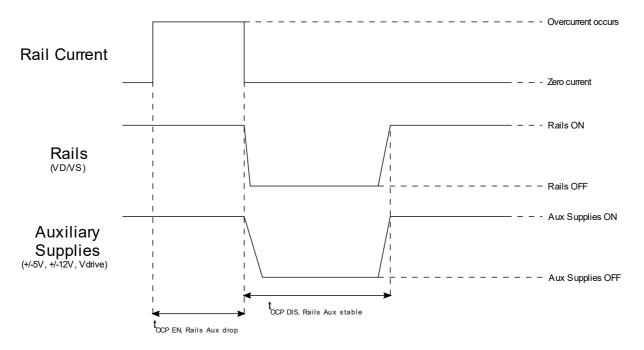


Figure 12: Rail overcurrent timing

#### 11.2.4 Rail overvoltage event

In case of a rail overvoltage event occurring, the ICEpower 1000S shuts down both rails (VD/VS). Depending on auxiliary loading and overvoltage condition, shut down can occur on the auxiliary supplies (AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V, AVDD\_+5V, AVSS\_-5V and Vdrive), leaving only DVDD/DVDDstby on/active. When the rail overvoltage is no more present, both rails (VD/VS) and all auxiliary supplies (AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V, AVDD\_+5V, AVSS\_-5V and Vdrive) will automatically re-enable. Rail overvoltage timing is shown in Figure 13. Specific timing values are available in Section 8.3.

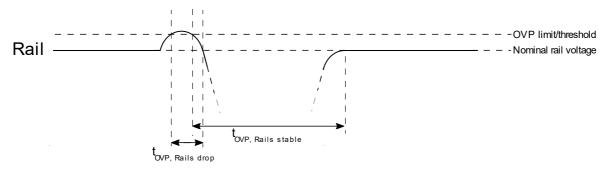


Figure 13: Rail overvoltage timing



#### 11.2.5 DVDD/ DVDDstby Power Supply Output

The DVDD/ DVDDstby output is a power supply output intended for control circuits on a front-end board e.g. microcontrollers and DSPs. DVDD is hardwired together with DVDDstby internally. DVDD/ DVDDstby has reduced output current capabilities (see  $I_{DVDD, 5V1 \text{ in standby mode}}$  in section 8.5 ) in standby mode and at startup/ mains applied. When module is fully powered on (all output supplies are on) the DVDD/ DVDDstby output can deliver 1A.

It is recommended though to add extra supply line series feed impedances and decoupling capacitors on the connected PCB to attenuate the power supply voltage ripple. The series impedance can be either a low value resistor or a small inductor. The extra decoupling capacitance must not exceed the value specified in Table 11: Power specifications – Auxiliary. The DVDD/ DVDDstby output is protected against overload conditions. In the event of an overload or short circuit, the converter will shut down and restart (hiccup).

#### 11.2.6 AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V, AVDD\_+5V, AVSS\_-5V Power Supply Outputs

The AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V, AVDD\_+5V, AVSS\_-5V outputs are positive and negative power supply outputs intended for amplifier hanger modules (like ICEpower 400A2) and analog circuits on a front-end board e.g., analog buffers and speaker crossover filters.

To ensure proper suppression of supply related noise and hum, it is important to have all supply related current draw through the ground connections in the power supply interface. For proposed grounding scheme details, please see Section 13.1

The AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V, AVDD\_+5V, AVSS\_-5V supply outputs are loosely regulated (especially the AVDD\_+5V and AVSS\_-5V). They may require additional voltage regulators on a front-end board depending on the type of circuit supplied by these pins. It is therefore recommended to add extra supply line series feed impedances and decoupling capacitors on the connected PCB to attenuate the power supply voltage ripple. The series impedance can be either a low value resistor or a small inductor. The extra decoupling capacitance must not exceed the value specified in Table 11: Power specifications – Auxiliary.

The AVDD\_+12V, AVSS\_-12V, AVDD\_+5V, AVSS\_-5V outputs are short circuit protected, but not overcurrent protected. Please see Table 11: Power specifications – Auxiliary for current draw limits. A short of these outputs will cause a power down of the Auxiliary converter. When the short circuit condition is removed the auxiliary outputs will automatically re-enable after a short delay.

### 11.3 Hanger Rail Supply

To supply an amplifier with the ICEpower 1000S, the amplifier power stage positive and negative supply rail lines VD and VS together with Vdrive and power ground GNDA are available in the Hanger Rail Supply connectors. The VD/VS of ICEpower 1000S is internally overcurrent protected, See 11.2.3. The VD of ICEpower 1000S is internally overvoltage protected, See 11.2.4.

For guidance on avoiding rail pumping and connections to ICEpower 400A2, see: Application Guide for ICEpower400A2 & ICEpower1000S-69V.

The Vdrive output should not be connected to anything other than amplifier modules (e.g. ICEpower 400A2). The Vdrive output is short circuit protected to VS only, but not overcurrent protected. Connecting the Vdrive output to any other supply sources, including GNDA or VD will cause damage to the ICEpower 1000S module. Failure to comply with these requirements is against the ICEpower warranty policy.

For power specifications see section 8.4.



### 12 Interface Schematics

In the following sub-section, proposed interface schematics are shown. These schematics should be considered an assistance to the design process, and they represent the recommended interface to the ICEpower 1000S module.

### 12.1 Control Inputs

#### **Interface for Standby input**

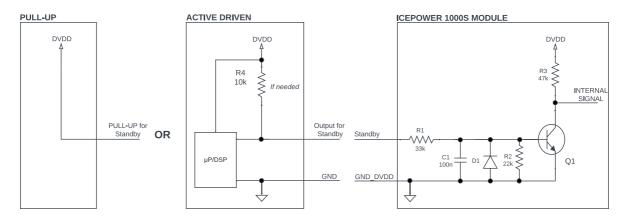


Figure 14: Standby Input Schematic

The Standby input brings the ICEpower 1000S in standby mode, when pulled high. The Standby input is low when not active.

#### Interface for N\_DC\_Protect input

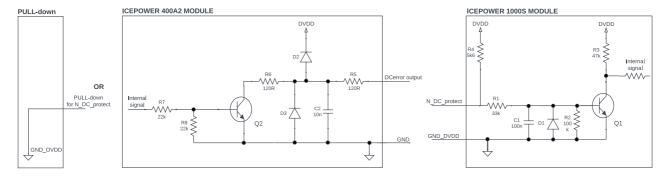


Figure 15: N\_DC\_Protect input Schematic

The N\_DC\_Protect input is high (~4.5Vdc) when not active. This input brings the ICEpower 1000S in standby mode, when pulled to GND\_DVDD. The N\_DC\_Protect input is intended to be directly connected to ICEpower 400A2 DCerror output (connector P6, pin 6 on ICEpower 400A2) or to be pulled low to GND\_DVDD by external circuitry.



# 13 Integration Guidelines

The ICEpower 1000S is designed with ease of integration in mind. This includes both electrical, EMC, thermal and mechanical integration. In the following sub-sections, recommendations will be given to assist the end-product design process.

### 13.1 Grounding Scheme

To ensure Safety compliance, improved EMC filtering and mechanical stability all the mounting holes W200, W201, W1301, W1302, W1303, W1304 and W1305 must electrically be connected to chassis, except if the module is mounted on the top side via heatsink and spacers (see section 9.1). The mounting hole W1307 is non-plated, but must be used for mechanical stability.

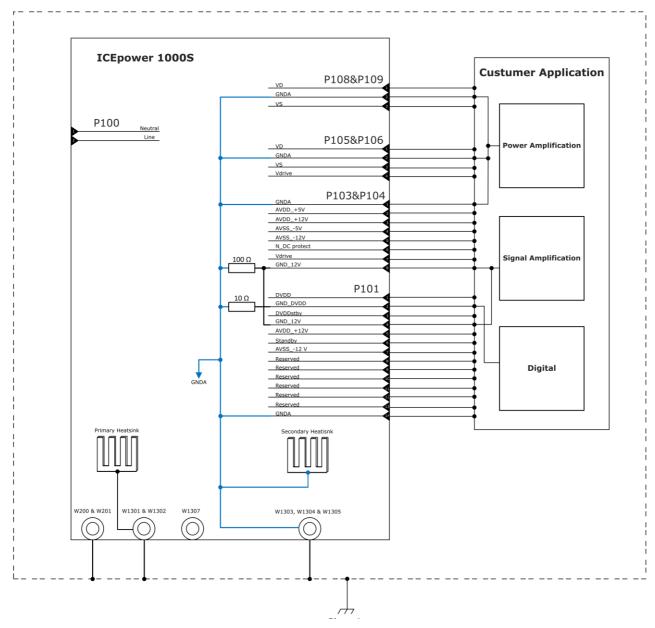


Figure 16: Grounding scheme



#### 13.2 EMC Management

Depending on the end-product application and construction, additional mains power Line EMC Filtering and shielding might be required to have the entire product approved. Some EMC precautions are strongly recommended to make EMC approval easier in end-product design.

- Connect the module to the chassis. Mounting of the module isolated from the chassis may cause extended HF radiation.
- Do not use cable/wires between module and other PCBs that are longer than necessary. Especially mains cable inside product is recommended to be as short as possible.
- Avoid wire loops on the speaker output wires. Use wires closely paired side by side or if required use twisted or shielded cables as shown below.

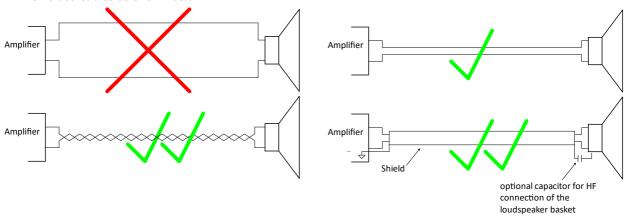


Figure 17: Avoid wire loops on the speaker wires

- Avoid wire loops on the mains wires from the mains inlet to the module mains connector.
- Do not route cables near by the magnetic components on the module i.e. inductors and transformers as shown below.

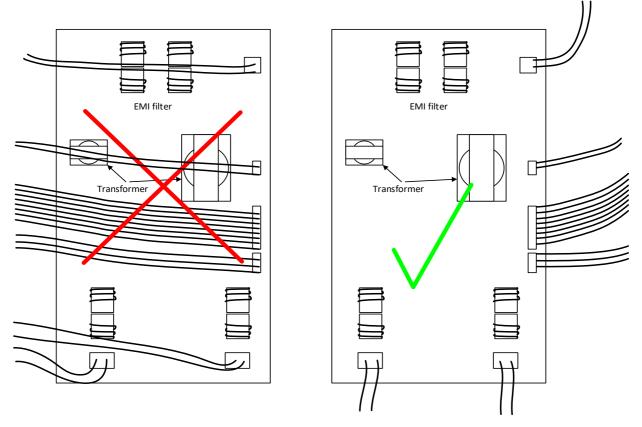


Figure 18: Do not route cables near the module magnetics.



 Do not bundle mains wires together with other cable as shown below and do not draw mains wires close to secondary side of the module.

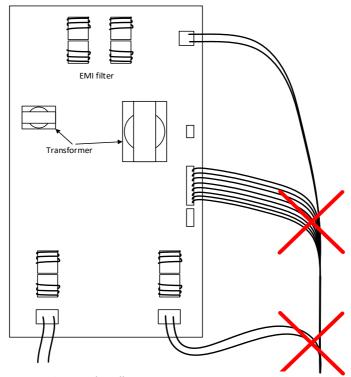


Figure 19: Wire bundling

Depending on the end-product application, additional EMC initiatives and filtering may be required to have the entire product approved. The reason for this could be, among others, inappropriate cable routing, PCB/module placements inside product or length within the application or DSP/microprocessor based front-end systems.

To improve on EMC performance, it is often advisable to revisit the used grounding scheme and cable routing and add EMC filters on some or all the connectors on the end-product.

### 13.3 Thermal Design

The ICEpower 1000S module is designed with integrated heat sinks. The module can therefore operate without any further cooling. Even though use of the module without further cooling is possible, it is recommended to add slow airflow fan cooling (for example  $\sim$ 6 CFM fan placed 5-10 cm distance from ICEpower 1000S input filter, which is the main hot spot), to ensure even lower component temperatures. At higher ambient temperature an external heatsink could also be added to extend the continued power capabilities. The ICEpower 1000S module is designed for audio amplifier playing music (due to the crest factor in music the total average power would typically be between  $\sim$ 1/8 power and  $\sim$ 1/4 power of Rated combined VD/VD output power P<sub>0</sub>. It is important to ensure proper airflow around the module.

If heatsinks are used for mounting instead of the screw holes, isolation foil (e.g. polycarbonate - Lexan®) is not needed for safety isolation between the external heatsink/chassis and the components of ICEpower 1000S (for example between the primary bulk capacitors (C203, C204) and external heatsink/chassis).

### 13.4Safety Certification Notes

To ensure safety compliance, it is important to adhere to the following:

- F200 fuse rating of module is 250VAC T6.3H. Fuse is not user replaceable.
- This equipment is not suitable for use in locations where children are likely to be present. It is important to mechanically fasten the product as described in section 9.1.



# 14 Safety Standards

The ICEpower 1000S have been verified to conform to the following standards.

#### 14.1 Safety

IEC 62368-1: 2018

The product fulfils the requirements of: AS/NZS 62368.1:2022, CSA/UL 62368-1:2019, 3rd Ed EN 62368-1:2020+A11:2020, BS EN 62368-1:2020+A11:2020

Summary of compliance with National Differences (List of countries addressed):
Australia / New Zealand, EU Group and National Differences, Singapore, USA / Canada, United Kingdom

# 15 ESD Warning

ICEpower products are manufactured according to the following ESD precautions:

ANSI/ESD-S20.20-2014: Protection of Electrical and Electronic Parts, Assemblies and Equipment.

Further handling of the products should comply with the same standard.

The general warranty policy of ICEpower a/s does not cover ESD damaged products due to improper handling.



# 16 Ordering, Packaging and Storage

All ICEpower modules are packaged in ESD safe bags and cardboard boxes.

### 16.1 Ordering Information

Order Codes	Description	Part Number
ICEpower 1000S-69V	ICEpower 1000S with +/- 69V rail hanger voltage	8001000

### 16.2 Shipping Dimensions and Weight

Package	Quantity	Dimensions (w $\times$ d $\times$ h) [mm]	Gross Weight [kg]
Carton	14	590X390X200	12.3

### 16.3 Storage Conditions

#### Storage Humidity and Temperature:

Please find storage humidity and temperature information in Section 9.2, Environmental Specifications.

#### Stacking

A maximum of 4 cartons must be stacked on top of each other.

Pallets must not be stacked on top of each other.



### 17 Contact

For additional information about the ICEpower® technology from ICEpower a/s, visit our web site or contact us.

ICEpower a/s Vandtårnsvej 62A 3B DK-2860 Søborg Denmark

Phone +45 31 71 00 01

www.icepoweraudio.com info@icepower.dk

# 18 Legal Notes

ICEpower a/s believes that the information in this datasheet is accurate and reliable. However it is provided "as is" without any warranties of any kind. ICEpower a/s and its suppliers, to the fullest extent permitted by law, disclaim all warranties, including the warranty of merchantability, warranty of non-infringement of third-party rights, and the warranty of fitness for a particular purpose. ICEpower a/s and its suppliers make no warranties about the accuracy, reliability, completeness, or timeliness of the material, services, software, text, graphics and links. In no event will ICEpower a/s be liable to any party for any damages whether direct, indirect, special, consequential or other for any use or inability to use of this datasheet, including, without limitation, any damages for lost profits, business interruption, loss of programs or other data on your information handling system or otherwise, even if we are expressly advised of the possibility of such damages.

Information in this datasheet may contain technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. The information in the datasheet may be changed at any time without prior notice or obligation.

ICEpower® is a trademark of ICEpower a/s.

ICEpower a/s products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or life support systems without the express written approval of the president and general counsel of ICEpower a/s. As used herein:

- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labelling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be
  reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or
  effectiveness.

ICEpower a/s ©2023

